

Reaccredited 'A+ 'Grade by NAAC(CGPA:3.68/4.00) College with Potential for Excellence by UGC DST-FIST Supported & STAR College Scheme by DBT

# **Faculty of Science**

Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) SUBJECT: PHYSICS B.Sc. VI Semester Paper-CORE SOLID STATE PHYSICS

# **Course Outcomes**

	Course Learning Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO -I	On completion of course Learner will be able to differentiate crystalline & amorphous solids and classify various crystal structures.	U, R
CO -II	On completion of course Learner will be able to build concepts of bonding in solids, lattice dynamics and various theories of specific heat of solids.	R, An, Ap
CO -III	On completion of course Learner will be able to learn free electron and band theory of solids and their consequences.	R, U, E
CO -IV	On completion of course Learner will be able to understand the origin of magnetic and dielectric properties in solids.	An, C
CO -V	On completion of course Learner will be able to define different nanostructures.	U, C, An





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# **Credit and Marking Scheme**

	Credita	Marks		Total Manlia
	Creans	Internal	External	I Otal Marks
Theory	4	40	60	100
Practical	2	40	60	100
Total	6		200	

# **Evaluation Scheme**

	Marks		
	Internal External		
Theory	Theory3 Internal Exams of 20 Marks1 External Example		
	(During the Semester)	(At the End of Semester)	
	(Best 2 will be taken)		
Practical	3 Internal Exams	1 External Exams	
	(During the Semester)	(At the End of Semester)	
	(Best 2 will be taken)		





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# **Content of the Course**

### Theory

No. of Lectures (in hours per week): 4.5 Hrs. per weekTotal No. of Lectures: 60 Hrs.Maximum Marks: 60

Units	Topics	No.of
	Created Strengturing	Lectures
1	Premier Indian Institutes and their contribution: Bhabha Atomic Research	12
	Centre, Mumbai, Advanced Materials and Processes Research Institute	
	(AMPRI), Bhopal; Defence and Research Development Organization, New	
	Delhi; Indian Institute of Science. Bangalore: Bose Institute, Kolkata Raja	
	Ramana Centre for Advance Technology, Indore.	
	Classification of solids and space lattice: Crystalline and amorphous	
	solids; Spacelattice; Basis; Lattice translational vector: Unit cell; Primitive	
	and non- primitive cells; Bravais lattice in two and three dimensions; Seven	
	crystal systems; Fundamentals of elements of symmetry; Point groups and	
	space groups; Lattice planes and miller indices; Relation between	
	interplanar spacing and lattice constants.	
	Simple crystal structures: Simple cubic; Face centred cubic (NaCI): Body	
	centredcubic (CsCI); Hexagonal closed packed; Diamond and Zine sulfide	
	structure; Coordination numbers and atomic packing fraction. Reciprocal	
	lattice and its properties, Diffraction in crystal: Laue's and Bragg's	
	equations; Determination of crystal structure by X rays (Powder	
	method)	
	Keywords/Tags: Crystal structure, Miller indices, Coordination number.	
	Diffraction in crystal	
II	Physical properties of matter	12
	<b>Donding in golida</b> , Earge between stoms Lenger restortial	
	<b>Domaing in somes:</b> Force between atoms, Lennard -Jones potential,	
	classification of crystals on bonding basis, conesive (binding) energy of	
	ionic crystal, Madelung constant, covalent crystal.	





	Specific heat: Specific heat of solid and its variation with temperature:	
	Classical theory of Dulong and Petit: Einstein model assumptions and	
	derivation for specific heat; Debye model assumptions and derivation for	
	specific heat. Outcomes of different models.	
	Lattice Dynamics: Mono-atomic lattice vibration and dispersion	
	relation, Brillouin Zones, Concept of phonons.	
	Keywords/Tags: Bonding, Specific heat, Lattice vibration, Phonon,	
Ш	Free electron and Band Theory of Solids	12
	Free electron theory: Free Electrons gas, Drude Lorentz Theory, electrical	
	resistivity and electrical conductivity; Ohm's Law (J = $\sigma$ E); Wiedemann Frenz	
	law; Hall effect, Hall coefficients and experimental determination.	
	Sommerfield Model; Density of States,	
	Band theory: Wave functions in a periodic lattice and Bloch theorem, Kronig	
	- Penney Model, E - K relation for free electron, number of states in a band,	
	nearly free electron and tight binding models, crystal momentum, velocity and	
	concepts of effective mass. Distinction between Conductors, Semiconductors	
	and insulators.	
	Keywords/Tags: Free electron theory, Hall effect, Energy Band	
IV	Magnetic Properties of Matter: Dia-, Para- and Ferromagnetic Materials.	12
	Classical Langevin Theory of Dia- and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum	
	Mechanical Treatment of Paramagnetism. Curie's law, Discussion of B-H	
	Curve. Hysteresis Loss.	
	Dielectric Properties of Materials: Polarization. Local Electric Field at an Atom.	
	Depolarization Field. Electric Susceptibility. Polarizability. Clausius Mosotti	
	Equation.	
	Classical Theory of Electric Polarizability. Normal and Anomalous Dispersion.	
	Cauchy	
	and Sellmeir relations. Langevin-Debye equation. Complex Dielectric Constant.	
	Keywords/Tags: Magnetic Materials, Hysteresis, Polarizability	





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Introduction to Nanotechnology	12
Nanoscale systems: Density of states (0-D, 1-D,2-D,3-D), Nanostructures: 0D,	
1D, 2D and 3D nanostructures (nanodots, thin films, nanowires, nanorods),	
Band structure and density of states of materials at nanoscale, Size Effects in	
nano systems, quantum confinement of carriers in 3D, 2D, 1D, 0D	
nanostructures and its consequences.	
Synthesis of Nanoparticles: Top down and Bottom up approach, Ball milling,	
Nanolithography, Wet Chemical Method, Essential difference in structure and	
properties of bulk and nano materials (qualitative description), Applications of	
Nano materials.	
Keywords/Tags: Nano material, top down and Bottom up	

# References

#### **Test/Reference Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, 8th Ed., 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of India
- 3. Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- 4. Solid State Physics, Neil W. Ashcroft and N. David Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
- 5. Solid State Physics, Rita John, 2014, McGraw Hill
- 6. Solid State Physics, R. K Puri and V. K. Babbar, S.Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Fundamental of Solid State Physics, Saxena Gupta, Pragati Prakashan
- 8. Applied Solid State Physics, Rajnikant, Wiley India
- 9. Solid State Physics, Gupta Kumar, K. Nath & Co.
- 10. Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices, Sulabha K. Kulkarni, Capital Publishing, 2016





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#### Web Links:

- 1. Department of highereducation, Government of Madhya Pradesh (M.P.).
- 2. <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106127/</u> [solid state physics videos on youtube]
- 3. <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/105/115105131/</u> [Concepts in magnetism and superconductivityvideo]
- 4. https://www.classcentral.com/course/youtube-noc-jan-2020-electronic-theory-of-solids-profarghya- taraphder-47339





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# **List of Practical**

- 1. To design a switch (NOT gate) using a transistor.
- 2. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
- 3. To design a combinational logic system for a specified Truth Table.
- 4. To convert a Boolean expression into logic circuit and design it using logic gate ICs.
- 5. To minimize a given logic circuit.
- 6. Half Adder, Full Adder.
- 7. Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor, Adder-Subtractor using Full Adder I.C.
- 8. To study Flip-Flop (RS, Clocked RS, D-type and JK) circuits using NAND gates.
- 9. To study JK Master-slave flip-flop using Flip-Flop ICs
- 10. To study a 4-bit Counter using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs and study timing diagram.
- 11. To make a 4-bit Shift Register (serial and parallel) using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs.
- 12. Verification of Fresnel's Law of reflection.
- 13. Verification of Cauchy's formula using spectrometer.
- 14. To count the number of particles emitting from radioactive source with the help of G M counter.
- 15. To study characteristics curves of Junction field effect transistor.
- 16. To study thermal bias stability of transistor in common emitter mode.
- 17. To study frequency response curve of single stage RC amplifier in CE mode.
- 18. Measurement of h-parameters of a transistor.
- 19. Find out closed loop gain of feedback amplifier.
- 20. Study of wave form of Wein bridge oscillator and to measure frequency of oscillations.
- 21. Study of amplitude modulated wave and determination of modulation index using CRO.
- 22. Study of frequency modulated wave and determination of modulation index using CRO.
- 23. Study of characteristic curve of Photodiode.
- 24. Measurement of unknown capacitance by schering bridge.
- 25. To study the characteristic curve of Tunnel diode.





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### **B.Sc. VI Semester**

### **Paper- DSE (DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE)**

### **DIGITAL & ANALOG SYSTEMS AND APPLICATIONS**

# Course Outcomes

	Course Learning Outcomes	PSOs Addressed	Cognitive Level
CO -I	On completion of course Learner will be able to number systems and their conversion	1,2,5,6	U, R, Ap
CO -II	On completion of course Learner will be able to learn the applications of Laws of Boolean Algebra	1,2,3	U, R,C, An,Ap
CO -III	On completion of course Learner will be able to understand different logic gates	1,2,4	U, R, An
CO -IV	On completion of course Learner will be able to understand the operation of flip flops	1,2,3,6	U, R, Ap, C
CO -V	On completion of course Learner will be able to understand Operational amplifiers and their various applications.	1,3,4,5,6	U, R, An, C, E





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# **Credit and Marking Scheme**

	Credita	Marks		Total Marka	
	Creans	Internal	External	I OTAL MIALKS	
Theory	4	40	60	100	
Total	4		100		

# **Evaluation Scheme**

	Marks		
	Internal External		
Theory	3 Internal Exams of 20 Marks	1 External Exams	
	(During the Semester)	(At the End of Semester)	
	(Best 2 will be taken)		





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# **Content of the Course**

# Theory

No. of Lectures (in hours per week): 4.5 Hrs. per week

Total No. of Lectures: 60 Hrs. + Tutorials

Maximum Marks: 60

Units	Topics	No.of
T	Name Lan Constants	Lectures
1	Number System:	12
	Introduction to decimal, binary, octal & hexadecimal number systems, BCD	
	numbers, inter conversion of binary, octal and hexadecimal numbers.	
	Binary addition, subtraction, 1's complement & 2's complement subtraction	
	methods. BCD: BCD addition & subtraction. Codes: BCD code, Excess-3 code,	
	Gray Code, Parity code, Hamming code, ASCII code and EBCDIC code.	
	Keywords: Number System, BCD, Binary Operation.	
II	Boolean Algebra & Karnaughs Map:	12
	Laws of Boolean algebra, De-Morgans's theorems, Minimization of Boolean	
	expressions and logic diagrams, Sum of Product and Product of Sum, Karnaugh	
	map for 2, 3 and 4 variables,	
	Simplification of Karnaugh map and their truth tables.	
	Keywords: Boolean Algebra, Karnaughs Map.	
III	Logic Gates and Arithmetic Logic Circuits:	12
	Introduction to logic gates – AND, OR, NOT NAND, NOR and EXOR gates,	
	realization of basic gates using Universal Gates, Half adder, Half subtractor, Full	
	adder, Full subtractor.	
	Keywords: logic gates, Adder and Subtractor.	
IV	Flip Flop Circuits:	12





Introduction, Types of Flip Flop Circuits: RS FF using NAND and NOR gates,	
clocked RS-FF, D-type FF, Concept of preset and clear, JK Flip-Flop, T- Flip- Flop,	
JK-MS-FF.	
Keywords: Flip Flop Circuits.	
	12
Operational Amplifier	12
Block diagram of OP-Amp, characteristics of the ideal OP-Amp. OP-Amp	
Parameters: Input offset voltage, input offset current, Input bias current,	
CMRR, SVRR, large signal voltage gain, slew rate, gain band width	
product.Output resistance.	
Open loop and closed loop OP-Amp configurations, differential. inverting	
and non- inverting amplifiers. voltage series feedback amplifier, effect of	
feedbackon closed loop gain, Input and output resistance, bandwidth, total	
output voltage.	
Application of OP-Amp: Adder. Subtractor, Integrator and differentiator.	
<b>Keywords:</b> Operational amplifier. CMRR, inverting and non - inverting amplifiers,	
integrator.	
	Introduction, Types of Flip Flop Circuits: RS FF using NAND and NOR gates, clocked RS-FF, D-type FF, Concept of preset and clear, JK Flip-Flop, T- Flip- Flop, JK-MS-FF. <b>Keywords:</b> Flip Flop Circuits. Operational Amplifier Block diagram of OP-Amp, characteristics of the ideal OP-Amp. OP-Amp Parameters: Input offset voltage, input offset current, Input bias current, CMRR, SVRR, large signal voltage gain, slew rate, gain band width product.Output resistance. Open loop and closed loop OP-Amp configurations, differential. inverting andnon- inverting amplifiers. voltage series feedback amplifier, effect of feedbackon closed loop gain, Input and output resistance, bandwidth, total output voltage. Application of OP-Amp: Adder. Subtractor, Integrator and differentiator. <b>Keywords:</b> Operational amplifier. CMRR, inverting and non - inverting amplifiers, integrator.





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# References

### **Test/Reference Books:**

- 1. Digital Computer Electronics, Malvino & Brown, Tata McGraw Hill, 1995
- 2. Digital Principles and Applications, Malvino & Leach, McGraw Hill, 1975
- 3. Digital Integrated Electronics, Taub & Shillings, McGraw Hill, 1977
- 4. Digital Electronics, R.L. Tokheim, McGraw Hill, 1990
- 5. Digital Fundamentals, B. Basavraj, Vikas Publishing Company, 1998
- 6. Digital Circuits & Design, S. Salivahanan, Vikas Publishing Company, 2012
- 7. Digital Electronics: An Introduction To Theory And Practice by W. H. Gothmann, Prentice Hall Of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 8. Operational Amplifier and Linear integrated Circuit by R A Gayakwad, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 9. Operational Amplifier and their applications Subir Kumar Sarkar, S.Chand & Sons, NewDelhi1999
- 10. Digital and Analogue Technique- Navneet Gokhale and Kale, Kitab Mahal
- 11. Hand Book of Electronics Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 2008
- 12. Digital Electronics & Microcomputer R.K. Gaur, Dhanpat Rai Publications, 2016

### Web Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117103063 (Basic Electronic Operational

# Amplifier)

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122601025 (Introduction to Basic Electronics) https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/ (Digital Electronics) https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117106086 Digital Circuits and Systems)





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### **B.Sc. VI Semester**

### NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

### **DSE (CREDITS 4)**

	Course Learning Outcomes	Cognitive Level
CO -I	On completion of course Learner will be able to understand the ground state properties of a nucleus, process of radioactivity, the radioactive decay law, its uses .	U,R, An
CO -II	On completion of course Learner will be able to understand (a) nuclear models and their roles in explaining the ground state properties of the nucleus (b) mechanisms of alpha, beta and gamma rays emission.	U,Ap,An, E
CO -III	On completion of course Learner will be able to formulate the basic aspects of nuclear reactions, the Q- value of such reaction, fission and fusion reaction.	R , U , Ap ,C
CO -IV	On completion of course Learner will be able to understand the principles and basic constructions of particle (radiation) detectors and accelerators	U,An, C
CO -V	On completion of course Learner will Gain knowledge about the classifications of particles and various symmetry elements involved in particle physics.	U,Ap





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# **Credit and Marking Scheme**

	Credits	Marks		Total Marilya
		Internal	External	I OTAL MIALKS
Theory	4	40	60	100
Total	4		100	

# **Evaluation Scheme**

	Marks		
	Internal	External	
Theory	3 Internal Exams of 20 Marks	1 External Exams	
	(During the Semester)	(At the End of Semester)	
	(Best 2 will be taken)		





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# **Content of the Course**

### Theory

No. of Lectures (in hours per week): 4.5 Hrs. per week

Total No. of Lectures: 60 Hrs. + Tutorials

Maximum Marks: 60

Units	Topics	No.of
		Lectures
I	Nucleus, Nuclear Forces and Radioactivity	18
	1. Introduction to Bhabha Atomic Research Centre (BARC), Defence	
	Research and Development Organization (DRDO) and Indian	
	Space Research Organization (ISRO), Raja Ramanna Centre for	
	Advanced Technology, (RRCAT) Indus-1 and Indus-2	
	synchrotron.	
	2. Composition, charge, size, shape, mass and density of the nucleus;	
	Nuclear angular momentum; Nuclear magnetic dipole moment;	
	Electric quadrupole moment; Mass defect; Packing fraction and	
	Binding energy; Binding energy of Deuteron; Stability of nuclei (N	
	vs Z curve), Binding energy curve.	
	3. Nuclear Forces: General concept of Nuclear force; Yukawa	
	Meson field theory of Nuclear forces; Properties of Nuclear	
	forces.	
	4. Radioactive disintegration; Properties of alpha, beta, gamma rays;	
	law of radioactive decay; successive radioactive decay;	
	radioactive equilibrium; Radioisotopes; application of	
	radioactivity (Agriculture, Medicinal, Industrial and	
	Archaeological).	
	<b>Keywords:</b> Nuclear Forces, Binding energy, Deuteron, Radioactive disintegration.	





II	Nuclear models and Nuclear Decay	18
	1 Nuclear models: Shell model: magic number: Square well	
	notential: Harmonic oscillator potential well: Spin-Orbit	
	notential: Unified (collective) model: Liquid Drop model: Semi-	
	empirical mass formula	
	2 Two Body system: The ground state properties of the Deuteron:	
	Deuteron in Central notential (Square well): Excited state of the	
	deuteron: Neutron-Proton scattering at low energies: Scattering	
	length	
	3 Alpha decay: Alpha particles spectra: Gamow's theory of Alpha	
	decay: Beta decay: Shape of Beta ray spectrum: Explanation of Beta	
	decay on the basis of Neutrino and Antineutrino hypothesis: Fermi	
	theory of Beta decay: Selection rules: Conservation of B-decay:	
	Gamma ray emission: Multipole radiation	
	<b>Keywords:</b> Shell model Liquid Drop model Scattering Alpha decay Beta	
	decay Radioisotopes	
III	Nuclear reactions and Nuclear Energy	18
	1. Nuclear reactions: Kinds of Nuclear reactions; Nuclear reaction	
	kinematics; Q-value; Compound Nucleus and concept of direct	
	reactions; Conservation laws; Nuclear reaction cross- sections	
	2. Nuclear energy: Nuclear Fission; Chain reaction and Critical Mass;	
	Nuclear Reactors and its basic components; Nuclear Fusion;	
	Condition for the maintained Fusion reactions; Energy production	
	in stars; Fusion reaction in Sun, Principle of atomic bomb and	
	hydrogen bomb.	
	Keywords: Nuclear reactions, Nuclear Fission, Q-value.	



IV	Nuclear counters and detectors	18
	1. Ionization Chamber; Proportional counter; Geiger-Müller counte;	
	Scintillation counter; semiconductor detectors; P-N junction detector;	
	Lithium drifted; High purity Ge Detector; Gamma ray interactions NaI	
	(TI) Scintillation.	
	2. Detector electronics and Pulse processing: Pulse counting systems;	
	Pulse height analysis systems; Pulse timing; Pulse shape discrimination.	
	3. Accelerators: Cyclotron, Betatron, synchrotron.	
V	Fundamental particle	18
	1. Fundamental particles: Classification of prticles-	
	antiparticles and their interactions; Conservation laws;	
	Charges; Isospin; Baryon number; Strangeness; Parity;	
	Charge conjugation; CPT theorem; CP violation and	
	natural K-decay.	
	2. Fundamental particle symmetry: SU(2) and SU(3) symmetry and	
	their application to Multiplet Meson and Baryon state; Quark as the	
	building blocks of Hadrons; Quark Model; Colour degree of freedom,	
	Ghost particles, Higgs Boson Particle (God particle), Large Hadron	
	collider (LHC).	
	<b>Keywords:</b> Fundamental particles, Isospin, Baryon, Ouark.	





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# REFERENCES

### **Test/Reference Books:**

- 1. Waghmare Y. R., "Introductory Nuclear Physics", Oxford & IBH Oub.
- 2. Kapoor S. S., Ramamurthy V. S., "Nuclear Radiation Detectors", New Age International Publishers.
- 3. Cohen B. L., "Concepts of Nuclear Physics", McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Tayal D. C., "Nuclear Physics", Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Patel S. B., "Nuclear Physics: An Introduction", New Age International Publishers.
- 6. Singh Jahan, "Fundamental of Nuclear Physics", Pragati Publications.
- 7. Books published by Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy, Bhopal.

#### Web links:

- 1. https://www.eshiksha.mp.gov.in/mpdhe
- 2. https://youtu.be/josqicH79PE?list=PLbMVogVj5nJRvq-w3zway7k3GzmUDte3a

Nuclear Physics: Fundamentals and Applications by Prof. H.C. Verma, Department of Physics, IIT Kanpur.

3 https://youtu.be/H7OipY8RzX0?list-PLOb6maW-5d1fvnUXykaaDOJPjEB0pTDF9

Lecture Series on Nuclear and Particle Physics by Prof. Poulose Poulose, Department of Physics, IIT Guwahati.





